

ON-FARM BIOSECURITY PLAN TEMPLATE VERSION 1.3 [11/7/17]

Formerly GRAZING MANUAL BIOSECURITY TEMPLATE

This template is intended for on-farm biosecurity improvements and for review by the owner on an annual basis.

Property Name:	Owner:
Property Address:	Manager:
PIC:	Veterinarian:
Date:	Local Animal Health Office number:
Review Date: (12 months from initial date)	Emergency Animal Disease hotline: 1800 675 888
Completed by (signature):	
I, [vet name], have discussed with the person filling out this template the major biosecurity risks, and plans to manage these risks, appropriate to the individual farm. [vet signature*]. <small>*Inclusion of the vet's signature is required for J-BAS 7 and 8, but voluntary for 6 and below</small>	

Attach property map

Stock inventory

Stock type	Stock number [average for the year]

An action list should be maintained by the property owner/manager, outlining biosecurity activities to be undertaken over the next 12 months.



1.0	INPUTS – LIVESTOCK, WATER, FEED, ETC.					
1.1	Livestock	Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
1.1.1	Are all new stock that arrive on the property inspected for their health status?	National Vendor Declaration Animal Health Declaration	Pre-purchase inspection or veterinary inspection/certification	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
1.1.2	Are livestock purchased with information on animal treatments and is a health status provided via a National Vendor Declaration (NVD) and Animal Health Declaration (AHD)?	National Vendor Declaration Animal Health Declaration	Request NVD/Waybills for all sales to ensure LPA accreditation. Request AHD for further information on herd health.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
1.1.3	Do all newly introduced livestock undergo a period of quarantine?	Livestock Receival and Inspection Form	Isolate and segregate for_days (21 recommended)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
1.1.6	Are livestock of unknown health status kept separate from vulnerable stock (i.e. young or pregnant ones)?	Paddock records	Isolate and segregate for_days (21 recommended)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
1.1.4	Do all livestock have sufficient time to empty out in the yards prior to their release?	Livestock Receival and Inspection Form	24-48 hours holding for empty out	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
1.1.5	When livestock are away from the home property, e.g., for shows, on agistment or for contract joining, are hygiene and quarantine strategies in place to manage the biosecurity risks to livestock and properties?	Livestock Receival and Inspection Form Treatment records	Isolate and segregate for_days (21 recommended)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
1.1.7	Are all incoming livestock identified and recorded in accordance with the NLIS operational rules for species and jurisdictions?	NLIS Database	Receiving property to do NLIS transfers within 48 hours of arrival. All animals to bear an NLIS device before moving off the property.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
1.2	Feed	Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
1.2.1	Does the property have a total ban on the feeding of products derived from vertebrate animals, excluding tallow and gelatine, to ruminant livestock?	Ruminant feed ban producer checklist	Producers must not allow Restricted Animal Material (RAM) to be fed to ruminants.	<input type="checkbox"/>		
1.2.2	Does the person responsible for the purchase of stockfeed ensure the supplier provides a Commodity Vendor Declaration (CVD)?	Commodity Vendor Declaration	Store CVD for a minimum of three years or the life of livestock fed the stockfeed, whichever is the greater.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
1.2.3	Is stockfeed inspected on delivery to ensure it is fit for purpose (e.g., free from pest damage and visual contaminants)? If damaged or contaminated, is there a plan in place for its disposal?	Purchase records Disposal plan for spoilt stock feeds.	Inspect stock feed on arrival and ensure stockfeed matches what was ordered. If stock feed is spoilt implement disposal plan.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

1.2.4	Is stockfeed stored in a manner that prevents contamination by livestock, vermin, wildlife, feral and domestic animals and other feed types, e.g., those containing RAM?	Ruminant feed ban producer checklist	Segregate RAM products from non-RAM to minimise accidental feeding.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
1.3	Water	Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
1.3.1	Are there procedures in place to ensure the quantity and quality of water are suitable for the type of livestock under production?		Monitor water points and infrastructure regularly.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2.0	PEOPLE, VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT					
2.1	Employees and family	Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
2.1.1	Are there strategies in place to minimise (reduce number of entry points), monitor and record (e.g. visitor log) the movement of people and vehicles over the property?	Visitor Log Farm biosecurity sign	Locking of external gates. Discuss expectations with persons moving onto the property.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2.1.2	Are owners and staff aware of the importance in minimising the lending and borrowing of equipment between properties? If lent, has a direction been given for the equipment to be cleaned before and after use?	Vehicle contamination cleaning record	Minimise lending or, if lent, clean down equipment and vehicles before use on farm.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2.2	Visitors, contractors and service personnel	Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
2.2.1	Are farm contractors such as veterinarians, livestock agents and transport vehicles notified of their permitted areas of access to the farm prior to their entry?	Entry and exit procedures	Identify persons who pose higher biosecurity risk. Communicate with high-risk persons and clearly explain property procedures.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2.2.2	Is the use of protective clothing and personal cleanliness encouraged on your property?	Come clean go clean factsheet	Encourage 'come clean, go clean' practices from visitors including agents and stock contractors.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2.2.3	Are there facilities in 'permitted access areas' available for farm contractors and visitors to clean their boots and equipment?	Property map	Provide clean down equipment or facilities.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2.3	Vehicles and equipment	Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
2.3.1	Are vehicles and equipment cleaned prior to moving from a high risk area to a lower risk area?	Visitor Log	Clean down of equipment and vehicles between areas.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2.3.2	Is there sufficient signage available to inform visitors of your biosecurity requirements and what procedures you want them to adhere to on arrival?	Information signage	Provide entry signage such as farm biosecurity sign, or directions to office/house for sign-in.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

3.0	PRODUCTION PRACTICES					
3.1	Livestock monitoring	Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
3.1.1	Are livestock inspected regularly to ensure the early detection of sick animals?	Treatment records	Report unusual signs of disease as soon as possible to your local animal health authority. Conduct routine stock inspections.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.1.2	Do you increase the frequency of livestock inspections during periods of higher risk such as increased insect and wildlife activity or growing periods for weeds?	Inspection records	Report unusual signs of disease. Increase intervals of routine stock inspections when necessary.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.2	Identification	Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
3.2.1	Do you adhere to the NLIS legislation of the relevant state/territory at all times?	NLIS Database	Complete transfers within legislative time frames. Ensure animals are tagged before leaving the property.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.3	Animal Health Management	Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
3.3.1	Have you implemented practices that help protect your livestock from diseases endemic to your region?	Animal Health Plan	Review best practice management for livestock health and welfare and review updates from peak industry bodies as they arise.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.3.2	Do you seek advice from a veterinarian or government officer in relation to any unusual sickness or death event?	Treatment Records	Report unusual signs of disease as soon as possible to your vet or local animal health authority	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.3.3	In the event of a disease outbreak, can affected and suspect animals be isolated and treated if necessary?	Treatment Records	Isolate sick animals and move them to _____. Keep treatment records until animal has permanently left the property.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.4	Carcase, manure and effluent management	Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
3.4.1	Are there procedures in place to manage effluent dispersal to minimise disease and weed spread?	Paddock Records	Seek current government guidelines on waste management and regulation. Seek information on disease statuses of neighbouring herds and/or flocks.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

3.4.2	Are carcass-disposal and household-garbage areas contained and secure to prevent access by livestock, feral animals and wildlife?	Paddock map of disposal sites	Fence off dead-animal pits and garbage tips to prevent livestock and feral animals accessing carcasses and food waste.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.4.3	If necessary, can carcasses be disposed of immediately in a way that takes into account environmental and public considerations?	EAD Action Plan Excluding animals from dumpsites	May include burning, burial or composting.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.5	Fences	Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
3.5.1	Are the property fences, especially boundary fences, regularly inspected and adequately maintained to prevent stock from mingling or straying?	Property maintenance records	Regularly undertake maintenance to existing fences. Replace fencing where required.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4.0	PESTS AND WEEDS					
		Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
4.0.1	Are there documented feral-animal, wildlife and weed-control programs in operation and do they include monitoring and management activities?	Feral Animal Control Plan Wildlife Control Plan Weed Control Plan Pest connect resources	Attach relevant documents to this checklist.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4.0.2	To maximise the effectiveness of a control program, do you undertake these activities in coordination with neighbours and other local community members?	Pest connect resources	Attach relevant documents to this checklist.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5.0	OUTGOING PRODUCTS					
		Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
5.0.1	Are all livestock for transport fit to load and selected to minimise potential welfare issues, disease and/or contamination spread through transport?	Fit to Load Guidelines	Ensure welfare standards are adhered to at all phases of transport.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5.0.2	Are all livestock leaving the property identified in accordance with the appropriate NLIS Standards and meeting government legislation?	NLIS Standards NLIS Database	Ensure all livestock are appropriately tagged and recorded on the NLIS Database	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6.0	TRAIN - PLAN - RECORD					
6.1	Training	Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A

6.1.1	Do all personnel responsible for management and husbandry understand their role in the implementation of biosecurity practices on-farm, and know how to identify sick and injured livestock?	Training Records	Undertake personnel training and instruction on animal health and welfare, including disease recognition and reporting.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6.1.2	Do all personnel responsible for management and husbandry know where to find contact details for the local vet(s) and government animal health officer(s), and what to do in the event of a suspected emergency animal disease?	EAD Action Plan Risk Management plan for surviving an emergency animal disease outbreak	Place EAD Watch Hotline (1800 675 888) in a common and visible location.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6.1.3	Have you ensured that all personnel responsible for the management and husbandry of livestock are aware of the importance of early detection and mandatory reporting of animals exhibiting signs of unusual sickness or death event?	EAD Action Plan	Display emergency contact list in noticeable places on farm and ensure staff know where they are.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6.2	Documentation and record keeping	Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
6.2.1	Do you record animal health activities and treatments to maintain herd/flock health history and provide accurate NVDs and AHDs when selling livestock?	Treatment Records	Record livestock treatments accurately Be accurate and truthful when filling in NVDs, AHDs, etc.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6.2.2	Are all vulnerable personnel working on the property vaccinated for identified risk diseases such as Q Fever and tetanus and, where appropriate, have stock been vaccinated to prevent animal-to-human transmissible diseases such as leptospirosis?	Personnel Records	Request vaccination records from staff. Implement vaccination programs on property if necessary and maintain records.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6.2.3	Are property inspections for actual or potential biosecurity issues undertaken regularly, preferably by a vet or animal health officer?	Property records Biosecurity plan	Plan inspections and address biosecurity considerations.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

7.0	OPTIONAL - JOHNE'S DISEASE SPECIFIC PRACTICES FOR BEEF CATTLE					
		Reference Documents	Procedures	YES	NO	N/A
7.0.1	Are all introduced livestock purchased with the same or higher J-BAS? By asking all relevant questions in the Johne's disease (JD) checklist, do you know the JD status and level of risk of the livestock being bought?	J-BAS Chart Johne's disease Biosecurity Checklist	Aim to trade only with herds of the same JD status or higher than your own, or record introductions and how risk is addressed. Request CHD from sellers and retain for seven years.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7.0.2	Are all suspect clinical cases investigated and notified to state department as required?	Treatment Records	Veterinary investigation of suspect cases. Report clinical cases as per state legislation.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7.0.3	If there is JD on the property, is the potential exposure minimised to limit the spread of infection (or risk of infection) through the culling of infected livestock, grazing management and vaccination, as appropriate?	JD in cattle tools	If JD on property, work with veterinarian to prioritise high risk animals for culling including clinical cases, suspect clinical cases, dam, test-positive animals, animals originated from high-risk sources, etc. Don't graze young animals in high risk areas (e.g., adjacent to high-risk neighbours with infected sheep, land grazed by clinical or suspect cases).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7.0.4	If there are other JD susceptible ruminants on the property (e.g. sheep, goats or alpaca), do you prevent them from co-grazing with cattle, and/or have practices (e.g. testing and vaccination) in place to minimise JD risk?	Grazing/Paddock Records	Determine the JD status of other species on the property and, if infected or of unknown JD status, prevent them from co-grazing with cattle. Vaccinate sheep and goats if appropriate.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7.0.5	If JD infection is detected, are risks within the herd assessed and people who have previously received cattle as coming from a low-risk herd notified to enable them to manage their revised risk?	Sales records AHDs	Monitor herds as per animal health plan. Notify people who have received animals of a higher risk than first thought.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7.0.6	Only for J-BAS 7 and 8 – Has there been veterinary oversight in the development of this biosecurity plan?	Johne's Disease in Cattle Definitions and Guidelines J-BAS Chart	Engage with veterinarian regarding oversight of biosecurity plan and triennial Check Tests.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7.0.7	Only for J-BAS 7 and 8 – Has a triennial Check Test been completed with negative results (or Sample Test if progressing to a higher J-BAS level)?	Johne's Disease in Cattle Definitions and Guidelines Laboratory Results	Triennial Check Test. Record laboratory results and manage property based on outcomes.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>